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2016/12 New Cisco 200-105: Interconnecting Cisco Networking Devices Part 2 (ICND2 v3.0) Exam Questions Updated Today!

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<https://1drv.ms/f/s!AvI7wzKf6QBjgR8N2yzsALYPi7P6> QUESTION 111What are two enhancements that OSPFv3 supports over OSPFv2? (Choose two.) A. It requires the use of ARP.B. It can support multiple IPv6 subnets on a single link.C. It supports up to 2 instances of OSPFv3 over a common link.D. It routes over links rather than over networks. Answer: BD

QUESTION 112What Netflow component can be applied to an interface to track IPv4 traffic? A. flow monitorB. flow recordC. flow samplerD. flow exporter Answer: A

QUESTION 113What are three benefits of GLBP? (Choose three.) A. GLBP supports up to eight virtual forwarders per GLBP group.B. GLBP supports clear text and MD5 password authentication between GLBP group members.C. GLBP is an open source standardized protocol that can be used with multiple vendors.D. GLBP supports up to 1024 virtual routers.E. GLBP can load share traffic across a maximum of four routers.F. GLBP elects two AVGs and two standby AVGs for redundancy. Answer: BDEExplanation:[http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12\\_2s/feature/guide/fs\\_glb2.html](http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios/12_2s/feature/guide/fs_glb2.html)

Load SharingYou can configure GLBP in such a way that traffic from LAN clients can be shared by multiple routers, thereby sharing the traffic load more equitably among available routers. Multiple Virtual Routers GLBP supports up to 1024 virtual routers (GLBP groups) on each physical interface of a router, and up to four virtual forwarders per group.

PreemptionThe redundancy scheme of GLBP enables you to preempt an active virtual gateway with a higher priority backup virtual gateway that has become available. Forwarder preemption works in a similar way, except that forwarder preemption uses weighting instead of priority and is enabled by default.

AuthenticationYou can use a simple text password authentication scheme between GLBP group members to detect configuration errors. A router within a GLBP group with a different authentication string than other routers will be ignored by other group members.[http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/5\\_x/nx-s/unicast/configuration/guide/l3\\_glbp.html](http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/5_x/nx-s/unicast/configuration/guide/l3_glbp.html)

GLBP AuthenticationGLBP has three authentication types:MD5 authenticationPlain text authenticationNo authenticationMD5 authentication provides greater security than plain text authentication. MD5 authentication allows each GLBP group member to use a secret key to generate a keyed MD5 hash that is part of the outgoing packet. At the receiving end, a keyed hash of an incoming packet is generated. If the hash within the incoming packet does not match the generated hash, the packet is ignored. The key for the MD5 hash can either be given directly in the configuration using a key string or supplied indirectly through a key chain. You can also choose to use a simple password in plain text to authenticate GLBP packets, or choose no authentication for GLBP.

QUESTION 114What command visualizes the general NetFlow data on the command line? A. show ip flow exportB. show ip flow top-talkersC. show ip cache flowD. show mls samplingE. show mls netflow ip Answer: C

QUESTION 115What are three reasons to collect Netflow data on a company network? (Choose three.) A. To identify applications causing congestion.B. To authorize user network access.C. To report and alert link up / down instances.D. To diagnose slow network performance, bandwidth hogs, and bandwidth utilization.E. To detect suboptimal routing in the network.F. To confirm the appropriate amount of bandwidth that has been allocated to each Class of Service. Answer: ADF

QUESTION 116What are three factors a network administrator must consider before implementing Netflow in the network? (Choose three.) A. CPU utilizationB. where Netflow data will be sentC. number of devices exporting Netflow dataD. port availabilityE. SNMP versionF. WAN encapsulation

Answer: ABC

QUESTION 117What are the benefit of using Netflow? (Choose three.) A. Network, Application & User MonitoringB. Network PlanningC. Security AnalysisD. Accounting/Billing Answer: ACDExplanation:NetFlow Definitions and Benefits

[http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/netmgtsw\\_ps1964/productsImplementationDesignGuide09186a00800d6a11.html#wp1030045](http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/netmgtsw_ps1964/productsImplementationDesignGuide09186a00800d6a11.html#wp1030045)

NetFlow traditionally enables several key customer applications including:Network Monitoring--NetFlow data enables extensive near real time network monitoring capabilities. Flowbased analysis techniques may be utilized to visualize traffic patterns associated with individual routers and switches as well as on a network-wide basis (providing aggregate traffic or application based views) to provide proactive problem detection, efficient troubleshooting, and rapid problem resolution.Application Monitoring and Profiling--NetFlow data enables network managers to gain a detailed, timebased, view of application usage over the network. This information is used to plan, understand new services, and allocate network and application resources (e.g. Web server sizing and VoIP deployment) to responsively meet customer demands.User Monitoring and Profiling--NetFlow data enables network engineers to gain detailed understanding of customer/user utilization of network and application resources. This information may then be

utilized to efficiently plan and allocate access, backbone and application resources as well as to detect and resolve potential security and policy violations. Network Planning--NetFlow can be used to capture data over a long period of time producing the opportunity to track and anticipate network growth and plan upgrades to increase the number of routing devices, ports, or higher- bandwidth interfaces. NetFlow services data optimizes network planning including peering, backbone upgrade planning, and routing policy planning. NetFlow helps to minimize the total cost of network operations while maximizing network performance, capacity, and reliability. NetFlow detects unwanted WAN traffic, validates bandwidth and Quality of Service (QOS) and allows the analysis of new network applications. NetFlow will give you valuable information to reduce the cost of operating your network. Security Analysis--NetFlow identifies and classifies DDOS attacks, viruses and worms in real-time. Changes in network behavior indicate anomalies that are clearly demonstrated in NetFlow data. The data is also a valuable forensic tool to understand and replay the history of security incidents. Accounting/Billing--NetFlow data provides fine-grained metering (e.g. flow data includes details such as IP addresses, packet and byte counts, timestamps, type-of-service and application ports, etc.) for highly flexible and detailed resource utilization accounting. Service providers may utilize the information for billing based on time-of-day, bandwidth usage, application usage, quality of service, etc. Enterprise customers may utilize the information for departmental charge-back or cost allocation for resource utilization. NetFlow Data Warehousing and Data Mining--NetFlow data (or derived information) can be warehoused for later retrieval and analysis in support of proactive marketing and customer service programs (e.g. figure out which applications and services are being utilized by internal and external users and target them for improved service, advertising, etc.). In addition, NetFlow data gives Market Researchers access to the "who", "what", "where", and "how long" information relevant to enterprises and service providers.

**QUESTION 118** What are the three things that the Netflow uses to consider the traffic to be in a same flow?

- A. IP address
- B. Interface name
- C. Port numbers
- D. L3 protocol type
- E. MAC address

**Answer:** ACD

**QUESTION 119** Which three are the components of SNMP? (Choose three)

- A. MIBB.
- B. SNMP Manager
- C. SysLog Server
- D. SNMP Agent
- E. Set

**Answer:** ABD

**QUESTION 120** What are the Popular destinations for syslog messages to be saved?

- A. Flash
- B. The logging buffer
- C. RAM
- D. The console terminal
- E. Other terminals
- F. Syslog server

**Answer:** BCE

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